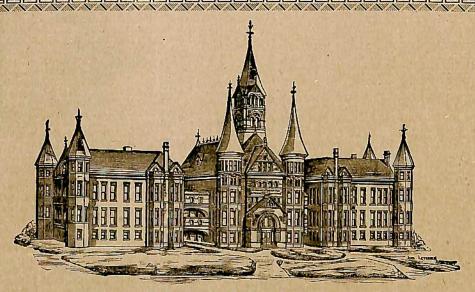
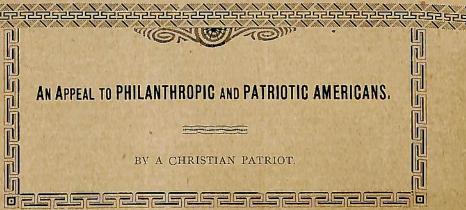
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EVANGELICAL DEACONESS WORK,

THE GREAT NEED OF AMERICA.



The Immanuel Hospital and Deaconess Institute



Evangelical Deaconesswork,

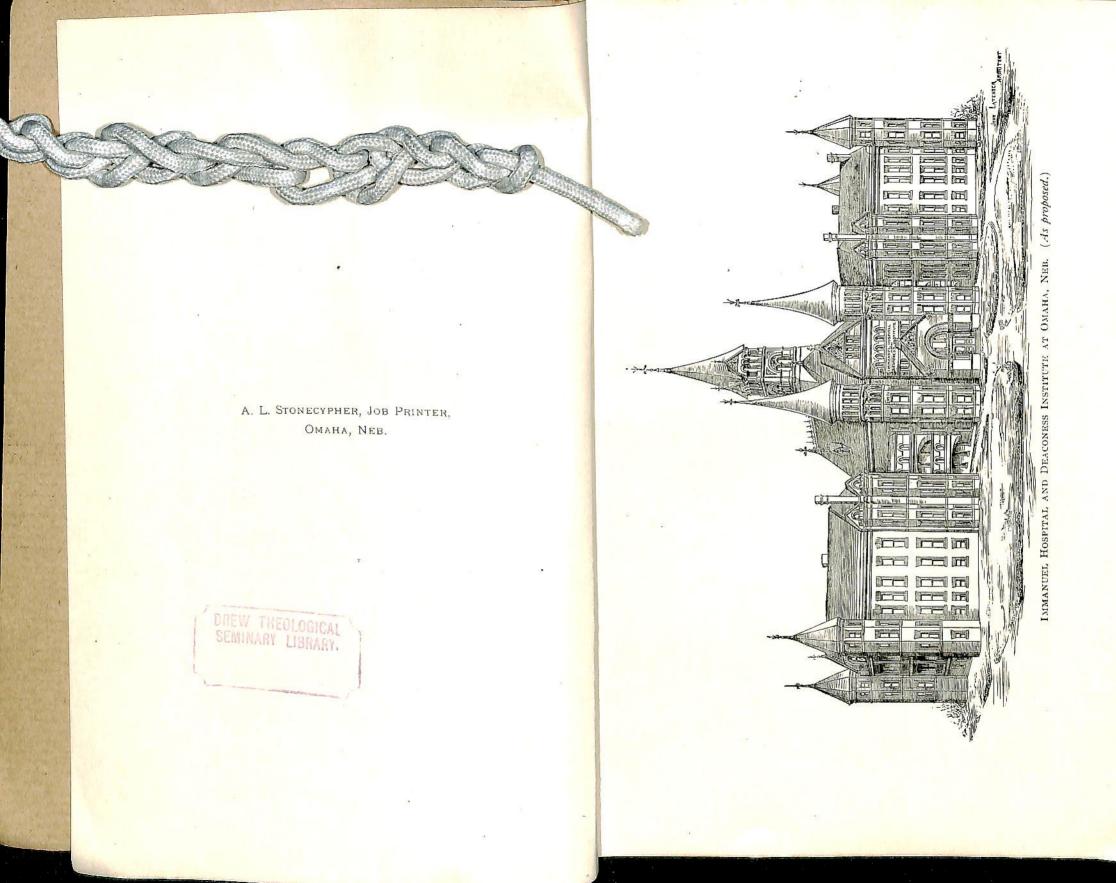
The Great Need of America.

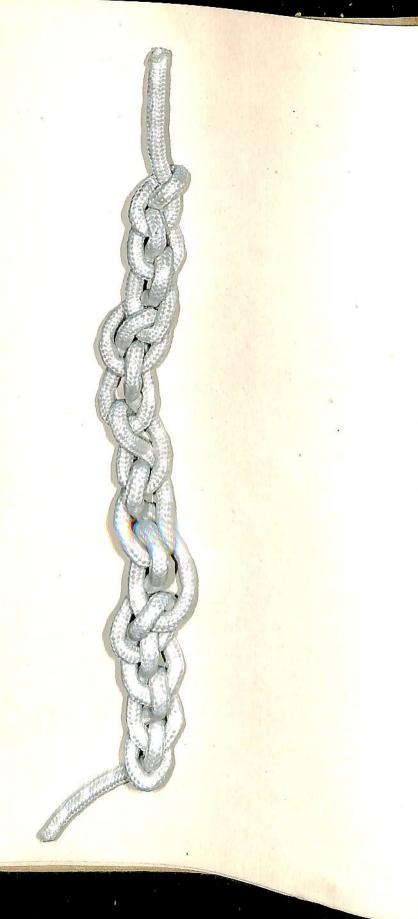
An Appeal to Philanthropic and

Patriotic Americans.

By

A Christian Patriot.





TO THE PHILANTHROPIG AND PATRIOTIG GITIZENS OF AMERIGA.

What is being done to relieve the vast amount of human misery and suffering?

Everywhere the Catholics are doing, systematically, a great work among the masses. But what are other Christians doing? American Christians spend large sums of money in building many kinds of institutions. The Protestant denominations are doing an immense missionary work, both at home and abroad. Individual and denominational efforts are made to relieve the sick, the poor, and the suffering. But no self-sacrificing, united and thoroughly organized charity work, like that of Catholics, is done by Protestants of America! The Catholics have many Sisters of Charity, Protestants have few, if any. But that kind of workers is exactly what our great country of America needs most of all!

The most important question of this age is, "How to reach the masses?" Left without homes and all other good influences the laborers in the large cities become desperate and do terrible things. The strikes and riots we already have had in this country are proofs of this. The indications are that such deeds will increase. The police force of our cities can neither reform nor control the masses. The sword can not subdue them now as in the dark ages of the past. Protestant churches by their ordinary means can not reach them. The masses of our large centers of population are driven farther and farther away from all good influences and consequently wax worse and worse.

What can we do? All our present agencies for charity work can accomplish very little. In many so-called institutions of charity, both state and private, the work done does not better the conditions of society, because there is no element of true charity. In a large number of our hospitals and other good institutions the money is

expended recklessly, because there is not the right kind of personal attention and workers. In many cases the money would go twice, and sometimes, three and four times as far to relieve the suffering masses of humanity, if there were more genuine personal attention, sacrifice and charity in connection with the work. After years of eager inquiry I am most thoroughly convinced that above every thing else, it is real personal sacrifice and earnest, consecrated labor, without salary, that this country needs.

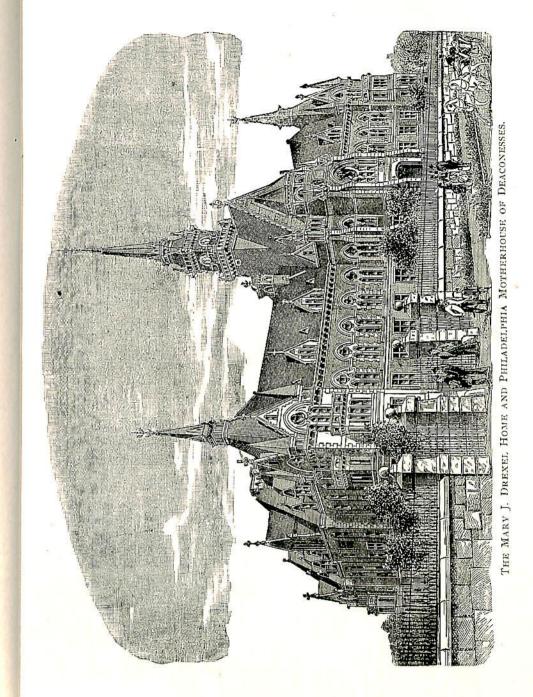
There was this kind of labor performed by the evangelical Deaconesses in the first three centuries of the Christian era. It was that systematic, selfsacrificing charity work, done by the Christian women the Deaconesses, that more than anything else saved the masses of the Roman empire. The sainted Chrysostom had at one time more than forty Deaconesses in the City of Constantinople on-

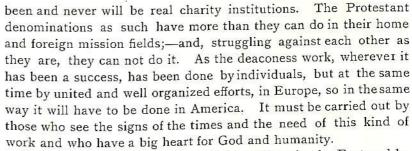
ly, doing an immense work among the poor and suffering people. There is that same kind of work at the present time in Europe. Although the Protestant deaconess work is of recent date and at first met all kinds of opposition, yet it has become great and it seems destined to be the greatest charity of this century. It was commenced in the most humble way by pastor Theodor Fliedner, in Kaiserswerth, Germany, in the year 1836. But since then this work has developed most wonderfully. There are now many Motherhouses of Deaconesses in Germany, some in England, and one in each of the capitals of Sweden, Norway, and Denmark. There are at present over 8,000 Evangelical Deaconesses, in over 2,200 different stations, doing great work in many European cities. There are some also in the large centers of population in Asia and Egypt. Every year adds more and more success to this blessed work of true

Do we not need this same kind of earnest, truly self-sacrificing charity work in America? Do we not need "this application of Christianity, so helpful, comforting and blessed," in this land? Most surely we must have it, if this great and glorious country

We must have it—and, in the name of Christ and humanity, we

But how shau inis work to the State institutions have never





Except some efforts by a few Episcopalians in the East and by Rev. W. A. Passawant, D. D., in Pittsburgh, Pa., nothing was done to establish the Evangelical Institution of Deaconesses in this country, until in the year 1884, when seven Deaconesses were imported from Germany to work in connection with the German Hospital of Philadelphia. By a most wonderful providence the president of that institution, John D. Lankenau, Esq., was soon after moved to devote almost his whole large fortune to the permanent establishment of the deaconess work in America. Through the generosity of that great philanthropist "The Mary J. Drexel Home and Philadelphia Motherhouse of Deaconesses" was dedicated December 6th, 1888. A picture of this great building is herewith presented. It is an elegant structure, costing not less than \$500,000. In connection with this blessed institution there are already about thirty Deaconesses devoting their whole time to the work of the good Samaritan.

But how shall we get a large number of women to sacrifice their lives in such a cause? Statistics show us that there are hundreds of thousands more women than men. In women there are peculiar qualities and fitness for this work. But how shall we get them to devote their lives to the work of mercy and charity? This is a most important question. Ladies who have been brought up in luxurious homes, and who have not been used to hard work and sacrifice, but who are accustomed to pleasures, and have all kinds of opportunities before them, are not, as a rule, likely to do such work. After years of earnest inquiry I am thoroughly convinced that among the descendants of immigrants from Northern Europe, particularly our Scandinavians in the West, we shall find the best material for workers of this kind.

Those people are mostly brought up in poor, but good homes. From childhood they are used to hard work and sacrifice. They are industrians they are used to hard work and sacrifice. are industrious and intelligent. They Americanize faster; they assimilate them. assimilate themselves to American institutions and ideas easier than any other forces to American institutions and ideas easier than any other foreigners. Among Scandinavians, who come here young, and are advised. Among Scandinavians, who come here young, and are educated in this country, and among the first generation born here. ation born here, we find the very best material for Deaconesses. Hundreds of such young women in the West stand ready to sacrifice their lines for the fice their lives for the work of Christ and humanity, without salary or other compensation of this life!!

But how are we to unite such a force of workers and get them horoughly organized for such a force of workers and get them thoroughly organized for successful work? It will never be done by mere discussions and realistics. by mere discussions and resolutions of religious denominations or other organizations. The very other organizations. The soldiers of an army would never be very brave, nor fight the battle successfully, if their general was afraid and stood away from the battle successfully, if their general was afraid in and stood away from the battlefield, living among his friends in pleasure and luxury. It is a feeled, living among his friends in the have pleasure and luxury. It is a fact, acknowledged by those who have investigated the matter very that, acknowledged by those who have investigated the matter very thoroughly, that the first requirement of a successful deaconess work is "a man especially endowed and prowidentially called to lead the movement. Wherever the work has met with a marked success, it was owing, under God, to such

The author of this pamphlet will not himself say that he is such a man. He feels himself such a man. He feels himself will not himself say that industries which are appended for worthy of many of the commensions. dations which are appended for your consideration. But, nevertheless, I have not been able to resist that which has already been proved to me to be a divine call to lay proved to me to be a divine call. I have therefore decided to lay down my life for the great cause of deaconess work in America. In order that the honorable readers may be able, to some extent, to judge for themselves of my preparation and fitness for this work I

herewith submit a short sketch of my life and principles. From early childhood I was brought up as a sailor. My father, be-From early childhood I was brought up as a sailor. My father, being a Swedish sea-captain, took me out in the world very young. At eighteen years of age, in England, I was converted and, soon after coming to America, not as an immigrant, but as a Christian sailor, I commenced to study for the ministry of the Gospel. During va-I commenced to study for the ministry of the Gospel. During vacations in College and Seminary I always labored as missionary in cations in College and Semmary 1 atways labored as missionary in some large city. Having already seen a great deal of misery else-



A DEACONESS IN HER STREET DRESS.

where in the world, I now had the best opportunity to get an inside view of the conditions of the poor and suffering in the great centers of population in this country. My first two years as a pastor I was stationed in the cities of New York and Brooklyn. In the work among the immigrants of Castle Garden I was forced to seriously consider the destiny of America and the conditions of the lower grades of society in this great and good Republic. Then and there I was convinced that extraordinary efforts must be made in work among the masses, if this wonderfully great and glorious country should not some time be ruined by all kinds of evil influences.

Feeling myself as but a drop in the bucket, and considering it impossible for me to do much in these large cities, I decided (1879) to move to Omaha, the geographical center of the United States, and there to "grow up with the country," and to establish myself so as to be able to do something for suffering humanity, outside the regular duties of the pastor. Since then over ten years have passed. My expectations in every way have been more than fulfilled. I have now left a large and beloved congregation and the most promising field for a pastor, and I have entered the way which I consider necessary in order to carry out the aim of my life.

Such a great and wonderful country as America and such an age as the present seems to me to demand great efforts and sacrifices. Although I have had very good opportunities to make money for the use of my own pleasures, yet I have considered it my duty to sacrifice all such things, and instead, to adopt the strictest and strongest principles of economy. If in order to be a successful Deaconess, it is necessary for a woman to sacrifice everything, I must do so myself, if I should be able to be a leader among such workers. No one can lead others farther than he will go himself. Recognizing the truth of this axiom some years ago I sold all luxuries in my possession at public auction, paid my debts and renounced my salary. Personally I will have no property, no debt and no salary. For the support of myself and family we are depending on God only. I consider myself simply as an agent of God and man. Every dollar, with which I am intrusted, I will conscientiously endeavor to use, as desired by the donor, for the most possible good among the suffering masses, always being ready to account for all my actions before God and the community.

Having in this way been prepared and forced to adopt such principles, the work for the deaconess cause was commenced. The first thing to do was to if the community where I am best known would assist me. Fifteen leading citizens of Omaha pledged themselves for \$1,000 each, and one for \$2,000 to this cause. Others followed, so that I soon had \$25,000 subscribed from a few leaders of different classes of society. Many more prominent citizens have promised to do all they can as

Then I had to organize a society to hold the property. The 31st day of January, 1889, "The Evangelical Immanuel Association Co. FOR WORKS OF MERCY, Was incorporated in Omaha, Douglas Co.,
Nebraska. Among the classic corporated in Omaha, Douglas Co., Nebraska. Among the eleven incorporators and trustees of this Association are some of the most prominent and responsible citizens of Omaha. Personally the most prominent and responsible citizens of Omaha. Personally, they represent four nationalities and six denominations. One is not a member of any church. Their names

DR. GEORGE L. MILLER, Formerly the veteran Editor of the Omaha Daily Herald, and now the Western Manager of the New York Life Insurance Company, and President of the Park Commis-

ALFRED MILLARD, Cashier Commercial National Bank and member of the Park Commission. WILLIAM L. McCAGUE, of McCague Brothers, Bankers.

GUNNAR A. LINDQUIST, Wholesale Merchant.

PETER COLSETH, Real Estate Dealer.

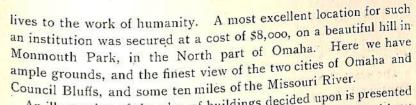
Anthony Johnson, Real Estate Dealer.

REV. A. M. Anderson, President Trinity Seminary, Blair, Neb. E. A. Fogelstrom, Manager and Treasurer of this Corporation. The work of this Association is evangelical, but entirely unsectarian. Article VI of the charter requires that its work shall be done "without reference to creed, color or nationality." The principal place of business must be in Omaha, but otherwise the Association

can do its work of mercy and charity anywhere in the United States. To establish the deaconess work it is necessary to have a large To establish the hospital as the training-school for those who desire to devote their



A DEACONESS IN HER WORKING DRESS.



An illustration of the plan of buildings decided upon is presented upon the first page. Each part may be erected by itself without destroying the symmetry of the general plan. The buildings when completed will compare favorably with any similar institution. The south wing has already been erected, and will be completed at a cost of about \$30,000. An illustration of this wing is

But the most important thing has been to get some devoted also presented. women who would go and prepare themselves to be able to do the work and to train others. In the summer of 1887, we sent one to the Philadelphia. delphia Motherhouse of Deaconesses, and another to a hospital in Chicago. In the summer of 1888 we sent four more Omaha ladies to Philadelphia to be trained in the great institution there. Just now we are ready to send two young women to Europe to be taught and trained in the oldest and best institutions of deaconess work of this of this century. So we have already all the workers we can use at the factorists. the first. In this pamphlet we present a picture of a Deaconess in her. in her street dress, and of one in her working dress. An evangelical Deaconess, in order to do her work successfully, will generally have ally have to sacrifice everything for her calling, but will not take upon by upon herself any vows contrary to her conscience or the Gospel.

She will all She will always be free, doing her work on the principle of faith in God. and the grant of training one, God, and love towards mankind. After some years of training one, who shows the service when the service who shows the service when the service who shows the service when the ser who shows fitness for the work, will be consecrated to her service and received. and received into a Society of Deaconesses. We shall, therefore, after some with the society of Deaconesses. Omaha; but this after some time, have to form such a society in Omaha; but this will in po will in no way change the Association we already have, which holds the training will always be as the training-school property. This Association will always be as it is, entired it is, entirely unsectarian. After her training and reception into the sister. the sisterhood, a Deaconess is always free to leave if she desires, but the worl the work in Europe shows that Deaconesses generally remain in their work. their work during life. In such a case, as they receive no salary for their search life. In such a case, as they receive no Motherfor their services, they are taken care of in old age by the Mother-house. Now we address the philanthropic and patriotic citizens of

America, and ask them to assist us with the necessary funds for

this work.

Let no one object to the locality in which we have commenced his work. The great deaconess work in Germany commenced in the small ountry village of Kaisawark in Germany commenced in the small country village of Kaiserswerth. We doubt very much that it ever should have had such a success had it commenced in Leipsic or Berlin. The great six: or Berlin. The great cities need most of the workers of this kind after they are trained, but the largest cities have not the best

That Omaha is the proper place to begin a work of this kind no vell-informed person will a place to begin a work of this kind no well-informed person will deny. The country within five hundred miles of Omaha, on all sides. The country within five hundred hest miles of Omaha, on all sides, affords the largest number of the best well material for Deaconesses. A Motherhouse of Deaconesses, well established in this geograph. established in this geographical center, would, no doubt, as in Germany and Scandinavia, soon branch out and send, in all directions, small companies of trained tions, small companies of trained, self-sacrificing women to do a Such workers are greatly needed in all our cities and in all kinds

of charitable institutions throughout our country.

Should not, therefore, both the East and the West contribute iberally to an institution for the liberally to an institution for the East and the West contribution for the training of Deaconesses in the very heart of America? Is it not to a great extent eastern capital which develops the business into a great extent eastern capital which develops the business into a great extent eastern capital which develops the business into a great extent eastern capital which develops the business into a great extent eastern capital which develops the business into a great extent eastern capital which develops the business into a great extent eastern capital which develops the business into a great extent eastern capital which develops the business into a great extent eastern capital which develops the business into a great extent eastern capital which develops the business into a great extent eastern capital which develops the business into a great extent eastern capital which develops the business into a great extent eastern capital which develops the business into a great extent eastern capital which develops the business into a great extent eastern capital which develops the business into a great extent eastern capital which develops the business into a great extent eastern capital which develops the great extent extent eastern capital which develops the great extent tal which develops the business interests of the West? Do not the eastern churches and individual Christians of the West? eastern churches and individual Christians send their money to the mission fields in the West? Why, then, should not the philanthropic and humanitarian principle work the same way? An earnest, patriotic and philanthropic view of this country will no doubt demand

We have already had substantial aid from some of the most prominent citizens of the East. We are happy to be able to menprominent citizens of the East. We are happy to be able to mention such names as Fred. L. Ames, Miss Ida M. Mason, Rev. Mason, Rev. Phillips Brooks, D. D., and Joseph S. Fay, of Boston; Ex-President Phillips Brooks, D. L., and Joseph S. Pay, of Boston; Ex-President and Mrs. Grover Cleveland, of New York; George W. Childs, Mrs. Hetty L. Collier Mice W. Childs, Mrs. Anna M. Powers, Mrs. Hetty L. Collier, Miss K. M. Drexel, Consul Chas. H. Meyer and others, of Philadelphia.

Let no local interest deter any one from helping a work, which Let no local interest deter any one from helping a work, which in its very character must be national. If we had the money, so that in its very character must be national. If we had the money, so that we could give our whole time and strength to developing the other the work, to secure and train the Deaconcare the other part of the work, to secure and train the Deaconesses, then we could soon expect great results from their labors.

What has been accomplished thus far has been done with an eye towards future developments. We have now a broad and solid foundation, on which can be built a large institution, capable of doing much good.

We will need about \$15,000 more before the building now enclosed can be used. Then we will need some \$5,000 for a home for "the deaconess family." Shall we not get this money soon? If so, we shall, by the grace of God, have the practical work of mercy and

charity in operation early in the sumer of 1890.

The seven women now engaged are a good working force with which to begin; and as soon as we can open our institution many others will join us. A little company of brave soldiers stands already on the battlefield. Others are soon to be organized, ready to sacrifice their lives for their God, their country and their fellowmen. If, therefore, this work of charity is worth some people's lives, why then is it not worth other people's money?

Will not some one person, whom God has prospered, erect our main building? It will be used, not as a hospital, but exclusively for training purposes. Will not some one else give us the money for the north wing? Is there no one who is able and willing to make a donation of \$25,000 or even \$100,000 to a work like this? Could not some beloved and departed one be memorized in this way? If not, then we need many small donations. No one need fear that we ever will get too much, because we can make the very best use of large sums of money in this great work of real mercy and charity. Remember the words of wisdom, "Never put off until tomorrow what ought to be done to-day," and "Speedy help is double help." If every one of the few prominent persons who get this pamphlet will do something at once, and then induce others to do something, the work will soon be established. This great work for the relief of suffering humanity has been neglected by Protestants of America too long; so now let all large-hearted and far-seeing philanthropic and patriotic citizens act and act immediately.

All money intended for this institution should be sent to the undersigned, and all that is received will be cheerfully acknowledged

and conscientiously applied as desired by the donor.

For Christ and humanity, Yours Very Respectfully, E. A. FOGELSTROM.

Monmouth Park, Omaha, Neb., October, 1889.





Letters of Recommendation.

From His Honor, the Mayor of the City of Omaha, and Some Prominent Business Men.

Mayor's Office, Omaha, Neb., Sept. 17th, 1889.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

I take pleasure in endorsing the Rev. E. A. Fogelstrom, of this city, as a gentleman of the highest integrity, and one who is devoted to works of philanthropy. Mr. Fogelstrom is at present engaged in building a hospital and deaconess institution, and has already erected a large, fine building for that purpose, to which additions are contemplated in the near future. Mr. Fogelstrom is perfectly trustworthy and reliable, and any confidence which may be reposed in him will not be misplaced. The trustees of the institution for which Mr. Fogelstrom is manager are among the wealthiest and W. J. BROATCH,

We take pleasure in endorsing the above statement: J. H. MILLARD, President Omaha National Bank.

JOHN L. McCague, President American National Bank, Omaha. GEORGE E. BARKER, President Bank of Commerce, Omaha. LEWIS S. REED, Vice-President Nebraska National Bank, Omaha.

L. M. Bennet, Vice-President Omaha Savings Bank.

G. M. HITCHCOCK, Editor Omaha World-Herald.

From the Hon. U. S. Senator, General Chas. F. Manderson.

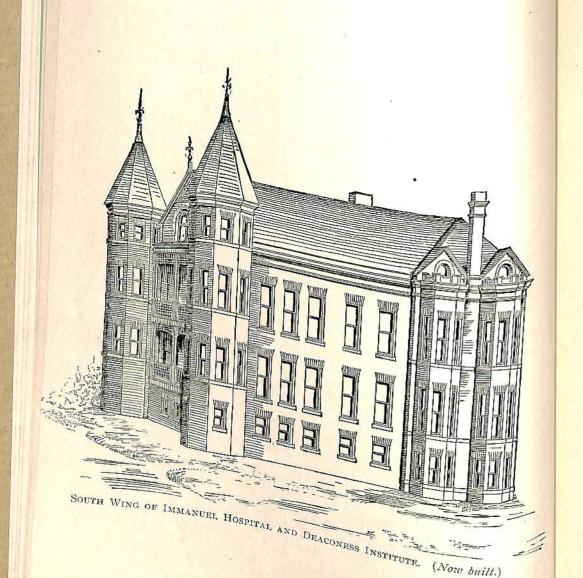
MILLARD HOTEL, OMAHA, NEB., Sept. 11th, 1889. To WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

excellent qualities of Rev. E. A. Fogelstrom, of Omaha, Nebraska.

I have known him for many vocasing the general worth and many vocasing I have known him for many years, and the good he has accomplished in this and other common and the good he has accomplished in this and other common and the good he has accomplished in this and other common and the good he has accomplished in this and other common and the good he has accomplished in this and other common and the good he has accomplished in this and other common and the good he has accomplished in this and other common and the good he has accomplished in this and other common and the good he has accomplished in this and other common and the good he has accomplished in this and other common and the good he has accomplished in this and other common and the good he has accomplished in this and other common and the good he has accomplished in this and other common and the good he has accomplished in this and other common and the good he has accomplished in this accomplished in the good he has accomplished in this accomplished in the good he has accomplished plished in this and other communities where he has resided is

He is devoting himself to the establishment of the Immanuel despital and Deaconess Institute establishment of the Immanuel we sharity we Hospital and Deaconess Institute at Omaha. This charity we have greatly needed in this and of the Immanus of th have greatly needed in this and other localities, and our citizens

have contributed liberally towards its establishment. I feel assured that under the control and management of Rev.



Pogelstrom it will meet with very great success, and I earnestly hope that it is because all hope that it may receive the contributions of the benevolent all CHAS. F. MANDERSON. Over our country.

From Rev. Joseph T. Duryea, D. D., Congregationalist.

2402 Cass St., Омана, Neb., Sept. 18th, 1889.

The Rev. E. A. Fogelstrom of this city, has been laboring to und a been laboring to To THE FRIENDS OF THE SICK AND CRIPPLED: found a hospital, which is much needed here, not only for the care of the care of the sick and injured in this locality, but to serve as a place of training a sick and injured in this locality, but to serve as a place of training a sick and injured in this locality, but to serve as a place of training a sick and injured in this locality, but to serve as a place of training a sick and injured in this locality, but to serve as a place of training a sick and injured in this locality, but to serve as a place of training a sick and injured in this locality, but to serve as a place of training a sick and injured in this locality, but to serve as a place of the sick and injured in this locality. of training for the Protestant Order of Deaconesses, as it is known in German

The members of this order will be trained as skilled nurses, able offer the to offer the best aid to those who need their care, and also to minister the in Germany, and also in this country. ister the consolations of religion to them, while they are in affliction.

The efforts in Philadelphia, Pa., has demonstrated the success of ose who have those who have tried faithfully to follow in the steps of the great leader in this is leader in this line of Christian service. What was done at Kaisers-werth will be the service when the steps of the step of the

The field here is inviting, the same materials are present as The service those used so successfully abroad and in this country. The service of the member of the member of the member of the member of the same materials are present as The service of the member of the same materials are present as the confined to this locality. of the members of the order will not be confined to this locality.

Therefore it is a second people in the confined to the con Therefore it is that the sympathies and help of good people in the whole country that the friends of Mr. Fogelstrom whole country have been sought by the friends of Mr. Fogelstrom and the invited that the sympathies and help of good people in the whole country have been sought by the friends of Mr. Fogelstrom

It need not be added that his character is high, his integrity unpeached. and the institution of which he is manager. Respectfully, JOSEPH T. DURYEA. impeachable, and his record clear.

Episcopalian.

St. Barnabas' Rectory, Omaha, Oct. 7th, 1889. I can most cheerfully and conscientiously commend to the gentous the Christian enterprise of erous thought of all Christian people, the Christian enterprise of the Revenue of the Reverend Mr. Fogelstrom of this city. Apart from the personality of the ality of the man himself, whom I have known for many years past, his process of the Christian care of the his proposed Christian homeles. or should commend itself homeless sick, is a work to the homeless sick, is a work to th to the hearts of Christian people, everywhere. His plan for the establish establishing of an Order of Deaconesses for the care of the sick is

one that should find strong encouragement and support. The work of Christian women in the couragement and support. The work of Christian women in the Reformed churches went rudely down in the stormy period of the Reformed churches went rudely down in the stormy period of the Reformed churches went ruses seeking to restore what was last. Reformation. A better age is what they seeking to restore what was lost then. It matters little what they are called, deaconesses or sixt then. It matters little what of are called, deaconesses or sisters; so long as organized bands of hirelings, Christian women are called to do Christian work, not as hirelings, but as handmaidens of the Lordo Christian work, not as hirelings, but as handmaidens of the Lord, to do for Christ's poor and His lowly ones, what He did heal to do for Christ's poor and His the sick, lowly ones, what He did, heal, teach, comfort, and save, the sick,

With all my heart I can say, God speed to Pastor Fogelstrom's work, and pray for him that work, and pray for him that, among us, he may be able to plant a new "Kaiserswerth," whose parts is all lands. new "Kaiserswerth," whose name shall become known in all lands.

JOHN WILLIAMS, Rector of St. Barnabas Church.

From Rev. William J. Harsha, D.D., Presbyterian.

To WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—I have known Rev. E. A. Fogelstrom intimately for several years, and have ever found him honorable and Christian in all his acts and double ever found him honorable and christian in all his acts and double ever found him honorable engaged in a noble work—that of building up and dealings. He is engaged in a noble work—that of building up an order of Deaconesses for too long neglected. He surely should have the Protestants have too long neglected. He surely should have the sympathy and substantial help of every lover of mankind in many and of this great stantial help of every lover of mankind in general, and of this great stantial neip of every lover of mankind in general, and of this greathis benevolent and self-sacrificing mission

Sincerely,
WM. J. HARSHA,
Omaha, No Pastor 1st Presbyterian Church, Omaha, Neb. Testimony From Rev. A. W. Lamar, D. D., Baptist.

To WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: Rev. E. A. Fogelstrom, engaged in founding the Immanuel and Deaconess Institute, in Omaha has racided in our Rev. E. A. Fogelstrom, engaged in founding the Immanuel midst many years, and enjoys the full confidence of our whole stablishmidst many years, and enjoys the full confidence in community. Wherever he goes to solicit confidence of our whole ment of his Institution, I take pleasure in commending him and benevolent.

Pastor 1st Baptist Church.

Rev. J. S. Detweiler, D. D., Lutheran.

OMAHA, Neb., September 17th, 1889.

I am personally acquainted with Rev. E. A. Fogelstrom and take leasure in pleasure in commending him as a worthy minister of the Gospel, minister of the Gospel, with in factor GREETING : rich in faith and zealous of good works. He has recently inaugurated in a sealous of good works. ated in our city a work of Christian charity deserving the hearty sympathy. sympathy, and cordial support of everybody. It is a work commended by the word of the Great mended by the practice, and commanded by the word of the Great Physician Physician, and therefore justly claims our prayers and gifts.

Respectfully,
Respectfully,
J. S. DETWEILER,
J. S. Lutheran Church.

From His Excellency, the Governor of Nebraska.

State of Nebraska, Executive Department. LINCOLN, March 7th, 1889.

This is to certify that the Rev. E. A. Fogelstrom, of Omaha, eb., was for To ALL TO WHOM THIS LETTER SHALL COME: Neb., was for several years pastor of a Lutheran church in that city, and

He is now engaged in a most charitable enterprise, that of tablishing city, and was an efficient and successful one. establishing an institution for the benefit of sick, needy and suffering person ing persons. His movement is not confined to any sect, creed or nationally an institution for the benefit of sick, needy and suffer any sect, creed or nationally and supplies the section of the benefit of whatever religious faith or nationally and supplies the section of the benefit of sick, needy and supplies the section of the benefit of sick, needy and supplies the section of the benefit of sick, needy and supplies the section of the benefit of sick, needy and supplies the section of the benefit of sick, needy and supplies the section of the benefit of sick, needy and supplies the section of the benefit of sick, needy and supplies the section of the benefit of sick, needy and supplies the section of the benefit of sick, needy and section of the section of th nationality, but embraces all of whatever religious faith or nationality ality. ality. I commend him to the favorable and Christian consideration of all when the favorable and christian consideration of all when the favorable mission. of all whom he may meet in pursuance of his honorable mission.

He is a man and character, and one who com-He is a man of sterling integrity and character, and one who commands the respect of all who have his acquaintance.

Very Respectfully,

From Bishop Newman.

Rev. E. A. Fogelstrom, Dear Sir:

Thayer and other gentleto join Governor Thayer and other gentleto join former to join behalf of the Interpretation o It is a pleasure for me to join Governor Thayer and other gentlemen in commending your generous efforts in behalf of the Immanmen in commending your generous of Omaha. uel Hospital and Deaconess Institute of Omaha. Charity is never sectarian

From The President of Gustavus Adolphus College, Minnesota.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

When Christ interprets His own words: "I was sick and ye visited me," he says, "Inasmuch as ye have done it unto one of the least of these my brethren, ye have done it unto one or the gospel truth the Ray E and a second truth truth the Ray E and a second truth truth the Ray E and a second truth gospel truth the Rev. E. A. Fogelstrom has projected and partly

erected a Deaconess Institute and Hospital at Omaha, Neb-As the Lord seems to have endowed him with a fervent love, untiring energy and special fitness for this work of love among suffering humanity, we would most unhesitatingly and heartily recommend him and the cause for which he labors, to the kind considerations of all abiliants. considerations of all philanthropic and God-loving fellowmen, for obtaining the necessary more properties of the contract of t obtaining the necessary means both to complete and carry on the

Yours, in Christ, St. Peter, Minn., Sept. 14th, 1889. M. WAHLSTROM, President Gustavus Adolphus College.

From the President of Bethany College, Kansas.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

It affords me great pleasure to recommend the Rev. E. A. Fogelstrom, of Omaha, Nebr., and his work, to Christian friends and philanthropists everywhere. I have known him intimately for fifteen years and have great faith in his judgment and executive ability. Money donated to his Deaconess Institution and other branches of his work, will be well and judiciously spent and be the means of doing a great deal of good. May the success of his efforts so far be but as the dawn of a yet brighter day of blessing

LINSBORG, KANSAS, Sept. 21st, 1889. C. A. SWENSSON, President of Bethany College.

From Rev. Prof. T. N. Hasselquist, D. D., President of Augustana College and Theological Seminary, Rock Island,

TO THE FRIENDS OF HUMANITY:

For several years I have with close attention followed the course For several years I mave with close attention followed the course of the life and work of the Rev. E. A. Fogelstrom and more and

more believed him to be of God, the Father of all mercy, endowed with gifts to a with gifts to be a worker in the cause of mercy. When he, therefore, resigned his congregation in order to devote his life and strength to strength to said cause and especially to the Deaconess Institution in Omaha. in Omaha, Neb., I felt greatly rejoiced, and saw in all the governing hand of Co. ing hand of God. I can, therefore, from my very heart recommend Mr. Forcelett. Mr. Fogelstrom to all who have a kind feeling for the sick and suffering a line of the sick and suf suffering and their merciful treatment.

T. N. HASSELQUIST.

T. N. HASSELQUIST.

Augustana College and Seminary, Rock Island, Ill., Aug. 10, 1880

From Rev. Prof. R. F. Weidner, D. D.

Augustana Theol. Seminary, Rock Island, Ill., June 12th, 1889
Rev. E. A. E. Rev. E. A. Fogelstrom is one of our most esteemed pastors in the Evans. I the Evang. Luth. Augustana Synod, and has the complete confidence of the dence of the church. The great work of his life, for which he is eminently a street of the establishment of the eminently qualified, is to devote himself to the establishment of the Evangelical D. We commend him and Evangelical Deaconess cause in America. We commend him and his cause to all the control of the establishment of th his cause to all those who are interested in his noble undertaking.

R. F. WEIDNER.

From Rev. C. L. Morgan, Moline, Ill.

Rev. E. A. Fogelstrom, of Mercy, establish establishment of an unsectarian hospital which is to become a training solve. training-school for Deaconesses, or Protestant Sisters of Mercy, who without approving the vows of Roman Catholic sisters, shall go out in the country of Christ-like love to minister to the sick and to go out in the spirit of Christ-like love to minister to the sick and to carry, with a silver of the consolations of the Gospel. Carry, with skill as nurses, the consolations of the Gospel.

The project

The project seems to me most commendable and one which may grow to be a vast brings from leading by prominent men in every calling and in all our churches, warrant by prominent men in every calling and in all our churches, warrant me in comment him and his work to all who are concerned for me in commending him and his work to all who are concerned for humanity's wolfers humanity's welfare.

C. L. MORGAN, Pastor 1st Congregational Church.

C. L. MORGAN, Pastor 1st Congregational Church.

MOLINE, Ill., June 14th, 1889. From The Rev. Thomas C. Hall, Chicago, Ill, From The Rev. 1 nomes to the sequential of New York, and perso ally acquainted with the deaconess work in Germany.) 4108 GRAND BOUL., CHICAGO, Sept. 24th, 1889. I have known the Rev. E. A. Fogelstrom for some years, and



took a warm interest in his work of singular self-sacrifice in Omaha, where I had opportunities for the sacrifice in Omaha, we fulness where I had opportunities for learning his exceeding usefulness amidst many difficulties for learning his exceeding usefulness amidst many difficulties and hardships. I am greatly rejoiced that he has set himself to intend the hardships. he has set himself to introduce into our American life the most admirable work of Garman and controduce into our American life the most admirable work of Garman and controduce into our American life the most admirable work of Garman and control our American life the most admirable work of Garman and control our American life the most admirable work of Garman and Control our American life the most admirable work of Garman and Control our American life the most admirable work of Garman and Control our American life the most admirable work of Garman and Control our American life the most admirable work of Garman and Control our American life the most admirable work of Garman and Control our American life the most admirable work of Garman and Control our American life the most admirable work of Garman and Control our American life the most admirable work of Garman and Control our American life the most admirable work of Garman and Control our American life the most admirable work of Garman and Control our American life the most admirable work of Garman and Control our American life the most admirable work of Garman and Control our American life the most admirable work of Garman and Control our American life the most admirable work of Control our American life the most admirable work of Control our American life the most admirable work of Control our American life the most admirable work of Control our American life the most admirable work of Control our American life the most admirable work of Control our American life the most admirable work of Control our American life the most admirable work of Control our American life the most admirable work of Control our American life the most admirable work of Control our American life the most admirable work of Control our American life the most admirable work of Control our American life the most admirable work of Control our American life the most admirable work of Control our American life the most admirable work of Control our American life the most admirable work of C mirable work of German and Swedish Deaconesses. It would be a great gain to the cause of E great gain to the cause of Evangelical Protestantism if this feature

of Continental religious life found a footing among us. The Protestant Deaconess is not bound by vows which have no neaning when love is gone for the bound by vows which have no to be meaning when love is gone from them, and which ought not to be needed when the love of the object. needed when the love of the object is still there. But the training and the self-sacrifice which and the self-sacrifice which are prominent in the deaconess work give the Church an arm of strength in her conflict with the world that is felt by many who must ength in her conflict with the world that is felt by many who must see the outward manifestation of Christian spirit before thousand the outward manifestation of Christian spirit before they will weigh the claims of Christ upon

I have great confidence in Mr. Fogelstrom's good sense, broad harity, Christian zeal and single some broad became much charity, Christian zeal and singleness of eye, and hence hope much will result from his great effort in this noble direction.

Faithfully yours,

From U. S. Ex-Minister to Denmark, Hon. John A. Enander,

The Immanuel Hospital and Deaconess Institute, founded by Rev. E. A. Fogelstrom, of Omaha, Neb., is designed not only to benefit the city in which it is located, but to extend its usefulness more widely, relieving, according to the means at its disposal, sufmore widely, reneving, according to the means at its disposal, surfering and want wherever they may appear. I take pleasure in the property of aid and assistance from the benevotended lent American public, being fully convinced that no favor extended to the same will be wasted but all applied towards furthering an enterprise in all respects deserving and praiseworthy.

JOHN A. ENANDER, CHICAGO, Oct. 2nd, 1889. Editor of "Hemlandet."

From the Rev. Edward E. Hale, D. D., L. L. D., of Boston,

South Congregational Church, Boston, April, 11th, 1889. Mr. Fogelstrom comes to me with the highest recommendations. Mr. Fogelstrom comes to me with the mignest recommendations. He proposes a great scheme,—to the care of the sick and the education of Deaconesses,—which will, I am sure, interest all men

I believe entire confidence may be placed in this gentleman. and women of public spirit.

From the Philanthropist, John D. Lankenau, Esq., of Philadelphia, Pa.

The Rev. Eric A. Fogelstrom has undertaken the grand and ble work to noble work to establish in the city of Omaha, Neb., a Hospital and Motherhouse Motherhouse of Deaconesses after the plan of the original house at Kaiserswerth in Country of Omaha, Neb., a Hospital house at Kaiserswerth in Country of Omaha, Neb., a Hospital house at the plan of the original house at the plan of the original house at the plan of the Rev. Pastor Kaiserswerth, in Germany, which was founded by the Rev. Pastor Fliedner in a Company of the plan of the original noise to pastor only in Germany, which was founded by the Rev. Pastor only in the company of the plan of the original noise to pastor. Fliedner in 1836, and which has spread its branches not only throughout E throughout Europe but also to all the prominent places in the vast Orient and be Orient and bestowed untold blessings wherever they have located.

The Reverse of the state of the prominent places in the test of the prominent places in the pl

The Reverend gentleman is possessed of an unbounded zeal and lergy, and is a legal to the second sec energy, and is determined to perpetuate this undoubtedly useful and truly not. and truly noble work in the West.

This most laudable enterprise are difficult to procure in the West, appeals to the Ferter States for help.

he appeals to the Eastern States for help.

It is my great pleasure to recommend the Rev. Mr. Fogelstrom to all personnel interest in his enterprise and sympathize to all personnel and sympathize interest in his enterprise and sympathize to all personnel and sympathize interest in his enterprise and sympathize to all personnel and sympathize interest in his enterprise are difficult to recommend a sympathize to all personnel and sympathize interest in his enterprise are difficult to recommend a sympathize and sympathize are difficult to recommend and sympathize are diffi to all persons that take an interest in his enterprise and sympathize with his bornellar to recommend the Rev. Mr. Fogeiston to all persons that take an interest in his enterprise and sympathize with his bornellar to recommend a with his benevolent work. It would be difficult to recommend a more worth. more worthy apostle in the interest of charity and good works, than this Dastor, and I wish him Godspeed and than this Reverend Swedish Pastor, and I wish him Godspeed and that Success that this Reverend Swedish Pastor, and I wish that success may crown his noble undertaking. LANKENAU, JOHN D. LANKENAU, President of the Mary J. Drexel Home and Philadelphia Mother-house of Dresses March 28th, 1889.

house of Deaconesses, March 28th, 1889.

From the Rev. Jas. A. Seiss, D. D., L. L. D. PHILADELPHIA, March 28th, 1889. Rev. E. A. Fogelstrom is known to me as an accredited and teemed Smaller clargymen, who has in hand the important esteemed Swedish clergymen, who has in hand the important and praiseworthy interprise of establishing a hospital and Deaconson Praiseworthy interprise in the very heart of a vast population. Praiseworthy interprise of establishing a nospital and Deaconess in the very heart of a vast population of listitute in Omaha, Neb., in the American citizens. his countrymen who have become him and his cause to It take pleasure in commending him and his cause to all benevont take pleasure in may apply for aid in his very important parts whom he may apply for aid in his very important parts.

I take pleasure in commending nim and nis cause to all benevo-lent persons to whom he may apply for aid in his very important JAS. A. SEISS,

President of the General Council of the Evangelical Lutheran

Church of North America.

From Rev. Prof. A. Spaeth, D. D.

Rev. E. A. Fogelstrom, of Omaha, has undertaken the work of establishing a hospital and Motherhouse of Deaconesses in that growing central city of the United States. A number of excellent ladies are being trained for his institution at our Motherhouse in Philadelphia. Seeing the great importance of his undertaking and thinking it our duty to work hand in hand with him, we take the liberty of recommending him and his cause most heartily to the generous, large-hearted and farseeing philanthropists in the Eastern States. Nothing could be States. Nothing could be more sure than that the cause of Deaconesses which has taken firm root in this country through the Motherhouse established by Mr. I root in this country through the Motherhouse established by Mr. Lankenau in Philadelphia, has a great future before it And co. Lankenau in Philadelphia, has a of the great future before it. And as the wonderful development of the great West in a business aspect is largely owing to eastern capital it seems right and proper that also in the higher interests of humanity and of God's kingdom the liberal investments of eastern philanthronists should open the distribution for philanthropists should open the door and build the foundation for this blessed charity in the Wast

Professor in the Theological Seminary and member of the Board of he Mary J. Drexel Home and Philadelphia Motherhouse of Deacon-

For further personal references in the East we have the honor to most respectfully refer to Augustus Kountze, Esq., of Kountze BROS., BANKERS, 120 Broadway, New York City, and George B.

Testimony From the Eval.gelist, D. L. Moody. (In "The Magazine of Christian Literature," October, 1889.)

"How to Reach the Masses?—Women are better qualified than men for this work. "How to REACH THE MASSESS TO THE ALL SHOWS A woman can go to a woman right into her kitchen, and sit down by her wash tub, and A woman can go to a woman right into the strength, and sit down by her wash tub, and give her help. If her children are sick, she (the deaconess) can give them wash tub, and so she can do a great de d of good in the medicine or give her help. It her conditions are size, she (the deaconess) can give them medicine or get a doctor for them; and so she can do a great deal of good in time of n ed. This is get a doctor for them; and so she can do a great de u of good in time of n ed. This is a PRACTICAL WORK which we want to do, and it will speak louder than volumes of ser-This work must be done, or there will be a revolution. It is reformation or revolution for our country. Our republic cannot exist without righteous.

Yust now there is a great movement toward continuity to the country. ness: * * Just now there is a great movement toward Socialism, especially

From a Report of the Committee on Deaconesses,

Presented to the General Synod of the Evangelical Lutheran Church in the United lates at its company of the Evangelical Church in the United Rev. G. U. Wenner States at its convention, 1889. The Chairman of this Committee, Rev. G. U. Wenner D. D., of New York 1889. D. D., of New York City, having visited and thoroughly investigated the deaconesswork at Kaisersword. at Kaiserswerth and many other European Institutions, writes, as to the needs and the encouragement.

"The needs of the suffering and the poor, especially in the large cities and towns call it. Was a suffering and the poor, especially in the large cities and towns call it. encouragements of the work in this country, as follows: for it. We need hospitals where the atmosphere is pervaded with the spirit of God We need nicitals where the atmosphere is pervaded with the word of God We need hospitals where the atmosphere is pervaded with the spirit of Chistones where the atmosphere is pervaded with the spirit of Chistones of the poor, who not only can bring the word of God to the sin side or the homes of the poor, who not only can bring the word of God to the sin side or the homes of the poor, who is technical knowledge and special to the sin sick soul, but who are also able, by their technical knowledge and special training in the training in the care of the sick, and in the preparation of food and medicine, to prove themselves themselves angels of mercy to the stricken bodies of the patients.

In towns

In towns and cities, how many little children must suffer and often meet an untimely and for want of end for want of proper care during the day, while the mother is at work in the factory or earning beautiful for the day of the day o or earning her bread by washing and scrubbing.

The da, nurseries are already recognized as indispensible institutions in cities.

All these serve for the day, while the mother is at work in the latenty and scrubbing.

The da, nurseries are already recognized as indispensible institutions in cities. these serve for wages, but in their way meet a want which can be filled IN A FAR HIGHER AND TRUED CONTROL Women in our country are on every hand seeking appropriate fields of usefulness. Here a field off are a field offers itself, which is peculiarly their own. Especially is this true of such as feel called to some called to some form of service in the Master's work."

Editorials From the Daily Press of Omaha. From the Omaha Republican, of August 12th, 1888:—The Republican prints to day communication of August interest from Rev. E. A. Fogelstrom, in which a communication of more than ordinary interest from Rev. E. A. Fogelstrom, in which he annunces he announces what will probably be news to most readers, that he has made good progress lowers. gress toward securing the funds for the erection in this city of a hopital, and training school for yours who desire to devote their lives to the service of the sick. Mr. school for young women who desire to devote their lives to the service of the sick. Mr. Fogelstrom has recorded in beginning pretty well out of the newspapers, but he has cer Fogelstrom has succeded in keeping pretty well out of the newspapers, but he has certainly done to the amount tainly done good work, 5 he a nounces that he has secured subscriptious to the amount of nearly secured work, 5 he a nounces that he has secured subscriptions to the amount of nearly secured work, 5 he a nounces that he has secured subscriptions to the amount worthy one, which will help to smooth of nearly secured works. of nearly \$30,000.

The amount worthy one, which will help to supply a most some and the next secured subscriptions to the amount of nearly \$30,000.

The secure munity. From the Omaha Daily World of August 13th. 1888:—Rev. Fogelstrom, pastor of the wedick I allowed in Omaha, achieved a wonderful undertaking when he is

From the Omaha Daily World of August 13th. 1888:—Kev. Fogelstrom, pastor of the Swedish Lutheran church in Omaha, achieved a wonder ul undertaking when he built the Large building in which his congregation worship and which would be the Large building in which his congregation worship. Swedish Lutheran church in Omaha, achieved a wonderau undertaking when he built the large brick church building in which his congregation worship and which would do the large brick church building in which would do Now, how yer, Rev. Fogelstron it will be seen that he proposes to establish a little of a nother column it will be seen that he proposes to establish a little of a nother column it will be seen that he proposes to establish a little of a nother column it will be seen that he proposes to establish a little of a nother column it will be seen that he proposes to establish a little of a nother column it will be seen that he proposes to establish a little of a nother column it will be seen that he proposes to establish a little of a nother column it will be seen that he proposes to establish a little of a nother column it will be seen that he proposes to establish a little of a nother column it will be seen that he proposes to establish a little of a nother column it will be seen that he proposes to establish a little of a nother column it will be seen that he proposes to establish a little of a nother column it will be seen that he proposes to establish a little of a nother column it will be seen that he proposes to establish a little of a nother column it will be seen that he proposes to establish a little of a nother column it will be seen that he proposes to establish a little of a nother column it will be seen that he proposes to establish a little of a nother column it will be seen that he proposes to establish a little of a nother column it will be seen that he proposes to establish a little of a nother column it will be seen that he nother column it Now, how ver, Rev. Fogelstrom has andertaken a still targertask. By his announce.

Now, how ver, Rev. Fogelstrom it will be seen that he proposes to establish a large ment published in another column it will be seen that he proposes to establish a large ment published in another column it will be seen that he proposes to establish a large ment published in another column it will be seen that he proposes to establish a large ment published in another column it will be seen that he proposes to establish a large ment published in another column it will be seen that he proposes to establish a large ment published in another column it will be seen that he proposes to establish a large ment published in another column it will be seen that he proposes to establish a large ment published in another column it will be seen that he proposes to establish a large ment published in another column it will be seen that he proposes to establish a large ment published in another column it will be seen that he proposes to establish a large ment published in a large ment published in a large ment published in the large ment published ment published in the large ment published me

ment published in another column it will be seen that he proposes to establish a larg hospital, ground for which he has procured in the northwest part of the city. * * * * hospital, ground for which he has procured went to work months ago. He has reize to the city of the lack Rev. Fogelstrom went to work months ago. nent published which he has procured in the northwest part of the city. # # #

nospital, ground for which he has procured a location. He has raised a large

To supply the lack Rev. Fogelstrom went to work months ago. He has organized a location. He has organized a location. nospital, ground Rev. Fogelstrom went to work months ago. He has raised a large a To supply the lack Rev. He has procured a location. He has organize a sum of money in a very quiet way. To be devoted to their work of humanity as the Sister and of trained nurses to be devoted to their work of humanity as the Sister and of trained nurses to be devoted to their work of humanity as the Sister and of trained nurses to be devoted to their work of humanity as the Sister and S * To supply the very quiet way. He has procured a location. He has organize a sum of money in a very quiet way. to be devoted to their work of humanity as the Sisters of sisterhood of trained nurses.



Charity are in the Catholic church.
things before making his case public.
He will succeed, and he ought.

In short he has already accomplished remarkable

From the Omaha Daily Herald August 12th, 1888: The project for the establishment of a hospital and training school, referred to in the local columns, is one concerning of the work will appeal directly to every kind heart.

The idea of the founder is more than merely to train nurses. It is to create a class of nurses who will make their life calling the relief of pain and the care of the sick. They will do this not for pay, but like the sisters of religious orders, at the bidding of the Master.

Women are called upon in other walks to give their lives to the service of strangers, and they respond cheerfully and bravely. They go to far away lands, leaving all that is dear, for the sake of duty. Why should not a part remain at home and yet devote themselves to a vocation as exalted?

From the *Herald*, of January 26th, 1889:—The special feature of this project is worthy of serious attention. The grand old mother church of Rome with farseeing insight, has made one of its strongest claims on the affection and continuous regard of mankind, in the establishment of its wonderful organization, "the Sisters of Mercy." When Whittier wrote his splendid poem, "The Angels of Buena Vista," he touched a chord of sympathy that reached around the world, for the Sisters of Mercy on the hills of sunny Mexico were succoring the New England boys serving under Gen. Scott as tenderly as those who were reared in the shadow of their own cloisters in Mexico. Protestant Christianity has learned the great lesson and a mighty work has been accomplished in Germany. The Protestant Sisters of Charity are known as "Deaconesses."

The gentleman in charge of this great work in this city is Rev. E. A. Fogelstrom. After ten, years of a successful career as pastor of the Immanuel church of this city, the gentleman has resigned his position to take exclusive charge of this enterprise, in whose behalf he means to work for the rest of his life. The Rev. Mr. Fogelstrom is a gentleman of extraordinary energy and faithfulness to any task entrusted to his hands, and has justly secured the unlimited confidence of the community. Mr. Fogelstrom is eminently an American, and an organizer with cosmopolitan training. This is perfectly illustrated in the character of the charter, and the trustees chosen to manage the institute. Rev. Mr. Fogelstrom is particularly fitted by his experience as a pastor, and from the special bias of his mind, to carry this great enterprise to completion. His whole heart is in it, and few could have accomplished what he has under the existing circumstances.

From the Omaha Daily Bee, December 2nd, 1888.

"REV. FOGELSTROM'S LIFE WORK.—After ten years of tireless devotion to his clerical duties as pastor of the Swedish Evangelical church, Rev. E. A. Fogelstrom has tendered his resignation to the council of his church. This step has been taken with a view to concentrating all his energies upon the noble task he had set for himself as the founder of the Deaconess Institution in this city. Mr. Fogelstrom's labors for his church

are almost without a parallel in the results achieved among a membership made up principally of working men and women. Unaided and literally alone he has organized the largest congregation. He has built one of the handsomest and most substantial church edifices in Omaha, and leaves it without a dollar of debt, to devote the remainder of his life to a labor of the most unselfish benevolence.

In the midst of the unremitting calls, incident to his pastorate, Mr. Fogelstrom matured the plan to establish a great hospital and deaconess institute in Omaha. This plan is now in process of realization. All who appreciate the magnitude of Mr. Fogelstrom's undertaking can best show their sympathy by promptly tendering him material assistance.

From the Bee, May 12th, 1889.

"A Noble Charity.—Only a few months ago the prospectus was issued by Rev. E. A. Fogelstrom for the establishment of a great hospital in this city, conducted on a non-sectarian basis, and modeled after the Philadelphia Motherhouse of Deaconesses. The unselfish devotion which Mr. Fogelstrom has manifested in the inception of this noble charity entitles him to the sympathetic encouragement and substantial support from men of means who desire to contribute towards the relief of their fellow men. Many of our wealthiest citizens restrain their humanitarian impulses and defer all their good intentions for posterity. They want to be remembered by the future generations for the wealth they have left to their relatives rather than by deeds of benevolence and charity. To this class all appeals for aid are made in vain. There are others, however, who prefer to use the means they have accumulated for the alleviation of distress and disease, and from such we have reason to expect a generous response for the Immanuel Hospital and Deaconess Institute.





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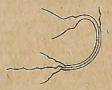
FORM OF BEQUEST

FOR PERSONAL PROPERTY.

FOR REAL ESTATE.

I give, bequeath and devise to the Evangelical Immanuel Association for Works of Mercy (with headquarters at Omaha, Neb.), forever, all that lot or piece of land (describing the property with care, and setting forth the use to be made of it).

Special care should be taken that bequests be made according to the laws of the State governing them.



THIS PROJECT IS ENDORSED BY

GOVERNOR THAYER, SENATOR MANDERSON, BISHOP NEWMAN, DR. HALE, MR. LANKENAU, REV. T. C. HALL,

AND MANY OTHERS.

"As ye would that men should do to you, do ye also them likewise." (Luke 6:31; Mark 9:41; Rom. 16:1-2; 2 Cor. 9:7; Philip. 4:3; 1 Tim. 6:17-19; 1 John 3:16-18.)